

Corporate Presentation

May 2024



Forward Looking Statements

These slides contain forward-looking statements and information relating to Elevation Oncology, Inc. within the meaning of, and made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of, the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, as these statements are based upon our current expectations, forecasts, and assumptions and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. Any statements contained herein or provided orally that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "believe," "may," "will," "potentially," "estimate," "continue," "anticipate," "intend," "could," "would," "project," "plan," "expect," "predict," "potential" and similar expressions that convey uncertainty of future events or outcomes, although not all forward-looking statements contain these words. Forward-looking statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this presentation, including information concerning our future financial performance, business plans and objectives, timing and success of our planned development activities, our ability to obtain regulatory approval, the potential therapeutic benefits and economic value of our product candidates, potential growth opportunities, competitive position, industry environment and potential market opportunities.

Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements we may make. These factors, together with those that are described in under the heading "Risk Factors" contained in documents we file with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time, may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied by our forward-looking statements. Statements, including forward-looking statements, speak only to the date they are provided (unless an earlier date is indicated). We undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason after the date of this prospectus to conform these statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations, except as required by law. Although we believe the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Accordingly, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.



Leveraging ADC Expertise to Advance Selective Cancer Therapies

- **Growing pipeline of differentiated ADCs** with broad therapeutical potential, including programs targeting Claudin 18.2 and HER3
- Experienced management team with expertise in ADC and oncology drug discovery and development
 Proven track record to discover and develop novel cancer therapies for patients with significant unmet medical needs
- Strong cash position to fund operations into 2026



EO-3021:

A potential best-in-class anti-Claudin 18.2 ADC for a significant, global unmet medical need¹

✓ Differentiation supported by initial clinical data:

Phase 1 data presented by partner CSPC at ASCO 2023, demonstrating 47.1% ORR in gastric cancer and well-tolerated safety profile²

Advancing robust clinical development program:

Phase 1 clinical trial evaluating single-agent EO-3021 ongoing, with initial safety and efficacy data expected by mid-3Q 2024

Expanding efforts to evaluate EO-3021 in combination with immunotherapy and targeted agents

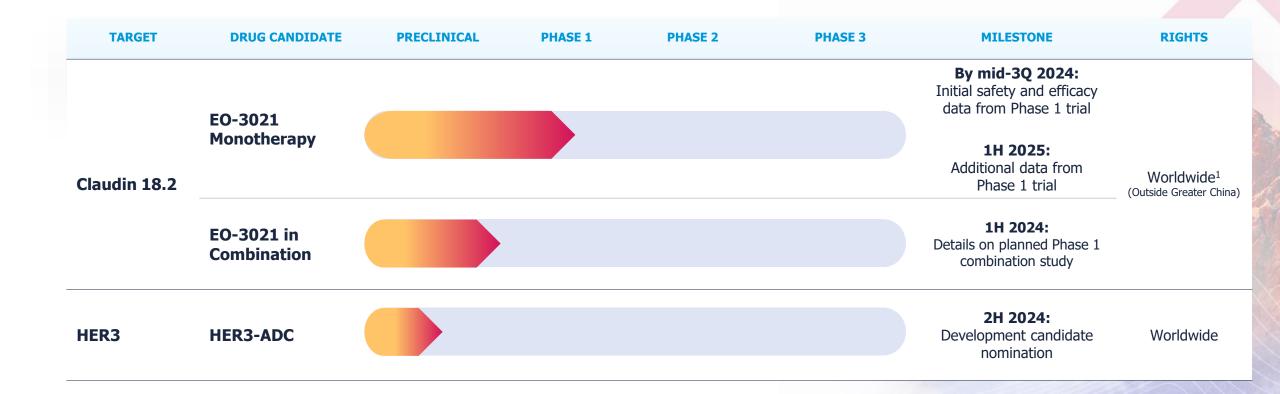
Opportunity to address significant global market:

Claudin 18.2 is overexpressed in several types of cancers, including gastric, esophageal, pancreatic, ovarian, and lung³⁻⁶



ADC = antibody-drug conjugate. Phase 1 clinical trial: NCT05980416. ¹Elevation Oncology has licensed the exclusive rights to develop and commercialize EO 3021 in all global territories outside Greater China from CSPC Pharmaceutical Group Limited. ²Wang Y, et al. ASCO 2023. ³Sahin, et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2008 1;14(23):7624-34. ⁴Wöll et al. Int J Cancer. 2014; 134(3). ⁵Tanaka, et al. J Histochem Cytochem. 2011; 59(10): 942–952. ⁶Micke, et al. Int J Cancer. 2014;135(9):2206-14.

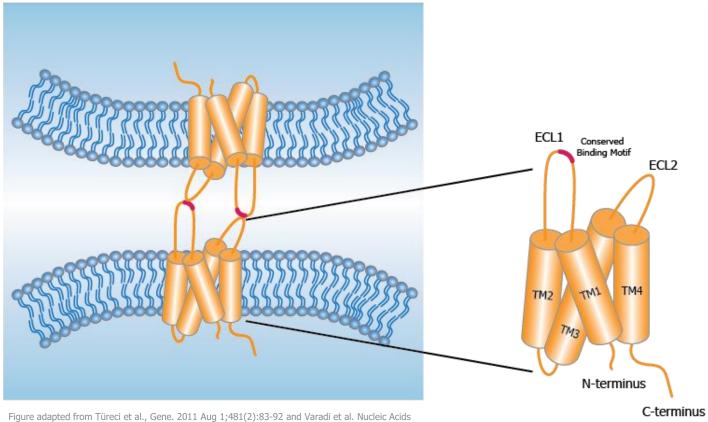
Leveraging ADC Expertise to Advance a Novel Selective Cancer Therapy Pipeline





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Claudin 18.2 is a Compelling ADC Therapeutic Target



- Claudin 18.2 is part of a family of tight junction membrane proteins¹
- Expression in normal tissues is restricted to the gastric mucosa^{2,3}
- Overexpressed in several types of cancers including gastric, pancreatic, esophageal, ovarian, and lung⁴⁻⁷
- Claudin 18.2 expression typically has minimal overlap with HER2 or PD-L1 expression⁸⁻¹⁰
- There are no approved therapies targeting Claudin 18.2¹¹

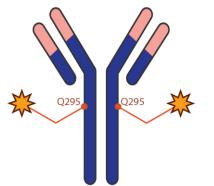


FVATION

COLOGY

¹Gunzel & Lu. 2013. Physiol Rev. Apr; 93(2): 525-569. ²Sahin, et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2008 1;14(23):7624-34. ³Türeci et al. Gene. 2011 Aug 1;481(2):83-92. ⁴Sahin, et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2008 1;14(23):7624-34. ⁵Wöll et al. Int J Cancer. 2014; 134(3). ⁶Tanaka, et al. J Histochem Cytochem. 2011; 59(10): 942–952. ⁷Micke, et al. Int J Cancer. 2014;135(9):2206-14. ⁸Pellino A, et al. J Pers Med (Epub) 10-26-2021. ⁹Moran et al., Annals of Oncology (2018) 29 (suppl_8): viii14-viii57. ¹⁰Schuler MH et al. J Clin Oncol. 2017. 35:15_suppl 4038-4038. ¹¹Cao et al., Biomark Res. 2022 May 31;10(1):38.

EO-3021: A Differentiated and Potential Best-in-Class ADC Targeting Claudin 18.2



- **Fully human** IgG1 selective for CLDN18.2, no binding to CLDN18.1
- Site-specific conjugation at glutamine (Q295) increases ADC stability
- Drug-to-antibody ratio (DAR) of 2
- Minimized free MMAE compared to cysteine conjugation

Dan, M. et al. AACR 2023.

ONCOLOGY

FLEVATION

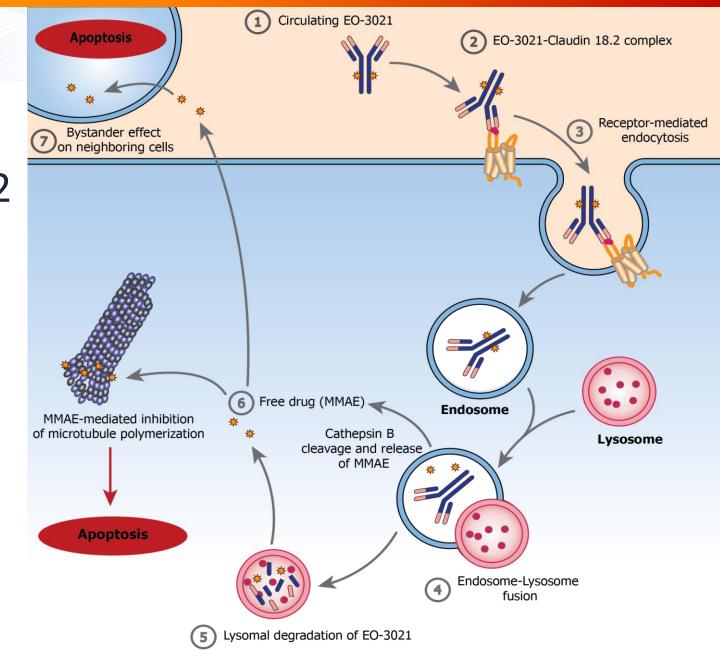


Figure adapted from Tong et al., Molecules. 2021; 26(19):5847.

Global Opportunity for the Treatment of Patients with Tumors Expressing Claudin 18.2

Estimated New Cancer Cases							
Cancer Type	US Incidence ¹	Global Incidence ²	Claudin 18.2 Expression per Disease Type (IHC*)				
Gastric	26,500	1,090,000	77% ³ (adenocarcinoma)				
Esophageal	21,500	604,000	78% ³ (adenocarcinoma)				
Pancreatic	64,000	496,000	59-80% ³⁻⁵ (PDAC)				
Ovarian	20,000	314,000	24% ³ (mucinous)				
Lung	238,000	2,207,000	6% ⁶ (adenocarcinoma)				

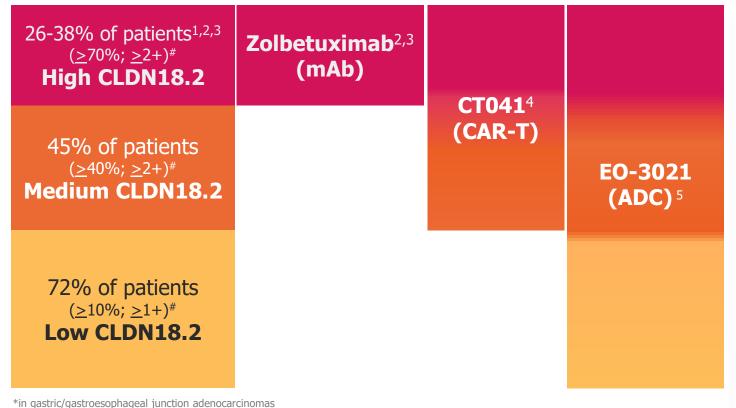
- Overexpressed in several high unmet need cancers, including gastric, esophageal, pancreatic, ovarian, and lung, among others³⁻⁶
- Prevalence is highest in gastric, esophageal, and pancreatic adenocarcinomas (≥70%)³⁻⁵
- Elevation Oncology's license to EO-3021 is for global territories outside Greater China

*Any level of expression (e.g., ≥1% cells with any staining intensity of CLDN18.2) Abbreviations: US: United States; IHC: Immunohistochemistry; PDAC: Pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma



¹Siegel RL, et al. CA: A Cancer Journal for Clinicians. 2023; 73:1. ²Sung H. et al. CA: A Cancer Journal for Clinicians. 2020; 71:3. ³Sahin, et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2008 1;14(23):7624-34. ⁴Wöll et al. Int J Cancer. 2014; 134(3). ⁵Tanaka, et al. J Histochem Cytochem. 2011; 59(10): 942–952. ⁶Micke, et al. Int J Cancer. 2014;135(9):2206-14. 8

Potential for Broader Target Population Using Anti-Claudin 18.2 ADC Compared with Other Modalities



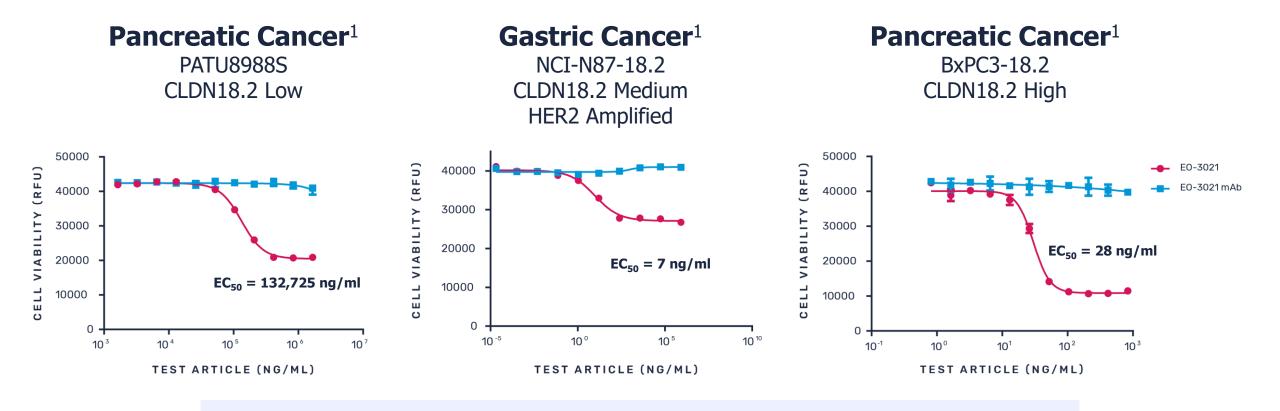
- mAb and CAR-T approaches may need majority of cells with medium-to-high expression of CLDN18.2 for anti-tumor activity^{2,3,4}
- An ADC approach can potentially target tumors with varying levels of CLDN18.2 expression
- EO-3021 could potentially capture a broader patient population and greater commercial opportunity when compared to mAb and CAR-T approaches

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CLDN18.2 IHC staining intensity

#Indicates % of tumor cells expressing CLDN18.2;

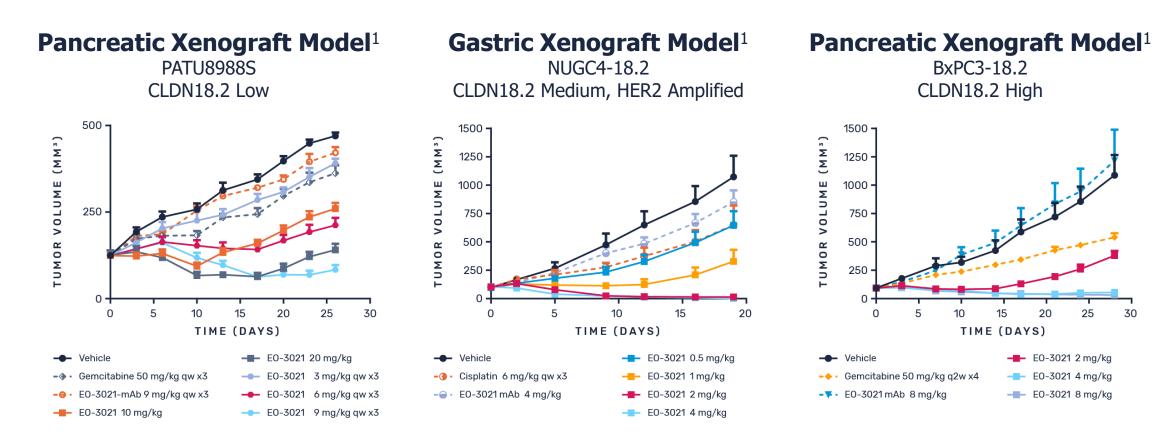
EO-3021 *in vitro* **Activity** in Cell Lines Expressing Claudin 18.2



Approximately 15% of CLDN18.2 expressing gastric cancers co-express HER2²⁻⁴



Single Dose of **EO-3021 Confers Tumor Regression** in CLDN18.2 Expressing Models

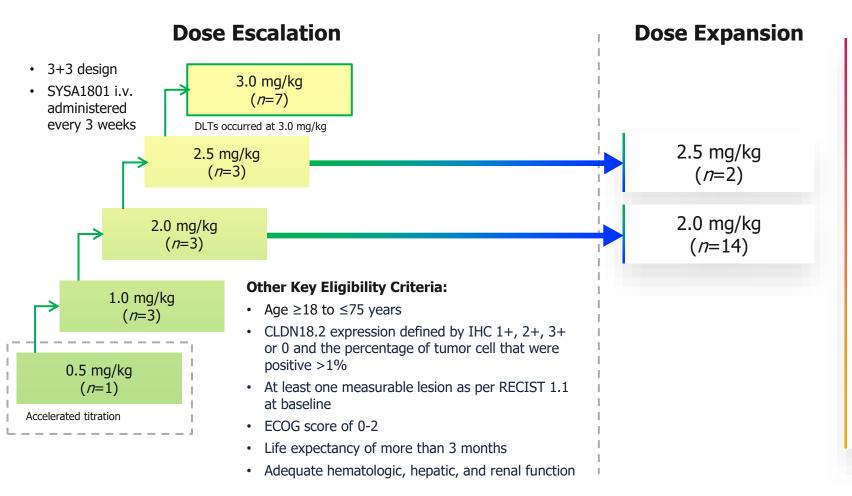


Nu/nu mice were administered single dose of Tx, unless otherwise indicated. Dosing initiated on day 0.



Phase 1 Study of SYSA1801 (EO-3021) in CLDN18.2 Positive Solid Tumors¹: CSPC Sponsored Study in China

<u>(NCT05009966</u>)



• Open-label, multi-center, Phase I study

- Patients with histologically confirmed resistant/refractory solid tumors that express CLDN18.2 who progressed on or were intolerant to standard treatment, or had no standard treatment were recruited.
- Study Outcomes:
 - Primary endpoint:
 - Safety²
 - Secondary endpoints:
 - Pharmacokinetics profiles
 - Efficacy³

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SYSA1801 (EO-3021): Patient **Demographics and Disease** Characteristics¹

CHARACTERISTICS		DOSE LEVELS				TOTAL	
		0.5 mg/kg (N=1)	1.0 mg/kg (N=3)	2.0 mg/kg (N=17)	2.5 mg/kg (N=5)	3.0 mg/kg (N=7)	TOTAL (N=33)
Age	Median (range)	48.0 (48, 48)	62.0 (47, 69)	61.0 (29, 71)	49.0 (42, 64)	47.0 (22, 67)	59.0 (22, 71)
Sex; n (%)	Male	1 (100.0)	1 (33.3)	12 (70.6)	2 (40.0)	4 (57.1)	20 (60.6)
Disease Type; n (%)	Gastric Cancer	1 (100.0)	2 (66.7)	13 (76.5)	5 (100.0)	5 (71.4)	26 (78.8)
	Pancreatic Cancer	0 (0.0)	1 (33.3)	4 (23.5)	0 (0.0)	2 (28.6)	7 (21.2)
ECOG PS; n (%)	0	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	5 (29.4)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	5 (15.2)
	1	1 (100.0)	3 (100.0)	12 (70.6)	5 (100.0)	7 (100.0)	28 (84.8)
Prior Lines of Therapy; n (%)	1-2 Lines	1 (100.0)	3 (100.0)	12 (70.6)	3 (60.0)	3 (42.9)	22 (66.7)
	<u>></u> 3 Lines	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	5 (29.4)	2 (40.0)	4 (57.1)	11 (33.3)
Metastasis	Yes	1 (100.0)	3 (100.0)	17 (100.0)	5 (100.0)	7 (100.0)	33 (100.0)
	No	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
Numbers of Metastatic Organs; n (%)	<u><</u> 2	0 (0.0)	3 (100.0)	13 (76.5)	3 (60.0)	5 (71.4)	24 (72.7)
	<u>></u> 3	1 (100.0)	0 (0.0)	4 (23.5)	2 (40.0)	2 (28.6)	9 (27.3)



SYSA1801 (EO-3021): Safety and Tolerability Profile

Treatment-related adverse events occurring in >20% of patients¹

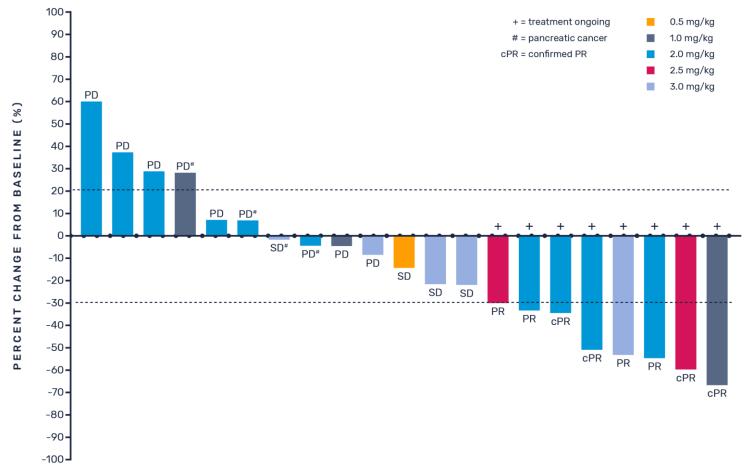
	DOSE LEVELS					TOTAL
	0.5 mg/kg (N=1)	1.0 mg/kg (N=3)	2.0 mg/kg (N=17)	2.5 mg/kg (N=5)	3.0 mg/kg (N=7)	(N=33)
Nausea	0 (0.0)	1 (33.3)	7 (41.2)	0 (0.0)	6 (85.7)	14 (42.4)
<u>></u> Grade 3	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	3 (42.9)	3 (9.1)
Vomiting	0 (0.0)	2 (66.7)	5 (29.4)	0 (0.0)	5 (71.4)	12 (36.4)
<u>></u> Grade 3	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	2 (28.6)	2 (6.1)
Dry Eye Syndrome	1 (100.0)	2 (66.7)	3 (17.6)	0 (0.0)	1 (14.3)	7 (21.2)
<u>></u> Grade 3	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
Anemia	0 (0.0)	2 (66.7)	3 (17.6)	0 (0.0)	2 (28.6)	7 (21.2)
<u>></u> Grade 3	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	1 (5.9)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	1 (3.0)

- Two DLTs (grade-3 nausea and vomiting) occurred at the 3.0 mg/kg dose
- TRAEs of any grade occurred in 25 patients (75.8%), in which 8 (24.2%) were ≥ grade 3
- No treatment-related death

Site-specific conjugation potentially enables stability of linker and payload for an improved safety profile



SYSA1801 (EO-3021): Anti-tumor Activity with Confirmed Responses in Gastric Cancer¹



Patients with gastric cancer

- 47.1% ORR (8 of 17) (95% CI 0.23, 0.72)
- 64.7% DCR

All evaluable

- 38.1% ORR (8 of 21) in all evaluable patients (95% CI 0.18, 0.62)
- 57.1% DCR

Abbreviations: ORR = objective response rate; PD = progressive disease; SD = stable disease; PR = partial response; cPR = confirmed partial response; DCR = disease control rate



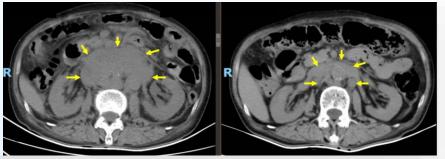
SYSA1801 (EO-3021) Activity in Patients with Gastric Cancer

- **Patient:** 64-year-old female with gastric cancer
- CLDN 18.2 IHC: 3+ 35%, 2+ 15%, 1+ 10%
- **Prior Therapy:** Previously treated with 3 lines of therapy
- SYSA1801 (EO-3021) treatment: 2.0 mg/kg IV Q3W (ongoing)

Wang Y, et al. ASCO 2023.

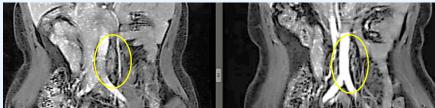
BASELINE

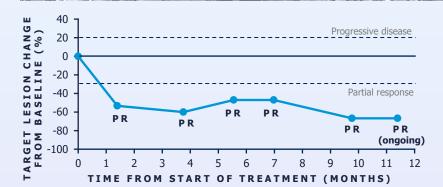
WEEK 6





WEEK 24





- **Patient:** 47-year-old female with gastric cancer
- Metastases: lymph nodes
- **Prior therapy:** XELOX (oxaliplatin + capecitabine) with immunotherapy
- SYSA1801 (EO-3021) treatment: 1.0 mg/kg IV Q3W x 12 cycles (ongoing)
- Target Lesion: Retroperitoneal lymph node
- RECIST v1.1: Best overall response of confirmed partial response (66.7% maximal tumor reduction)
- **Duration of response:** ~11 months (ongoing)

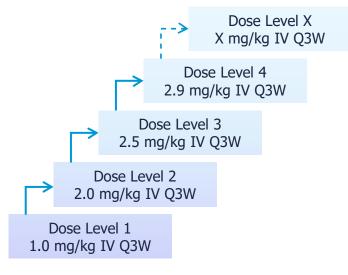
Dornan D, et al. Presented at: AACR 2023 Annual Meeting: April 14-19, 2023; Orlando, FL. Presentation ND11



Phase 1 Dose Escalation and Expansion Study of EO-3021 in Solid Tumors Likely to Express CLDN18.2

MTD/RP2D

Part A: Dose Escalation



- Advanced unresectable or metastatic gastric cancer/GEJ, pancreatic cancer, esophageal cancer
- Bayesian Optimal Interval (BOIN) design with 3 + 3 lead in
- Approximately 30 patients total in dose escalation with optional backfill slots for additional patients
- Expression of CLDN18.2 is not required; tumor samples will be collected for retrospective assessment of CLDN18.2 by IHC



Part B: Expansion

Gastric/GEJ

- Progressed on or after standard therapy, or are intolerable for available standard therapy
- Provision of tumor tissue (archived and fresh biopsy, if medically feasible) for retrospective biomarker assessment of CLDN18.2 expression by IHC

Primary Objectives

- Safety and tolerability of EO-3021 (Part A)
- Preliminary anti-tumor activity of EO-3021 (Part B)

Secondary Objectives

 Association of tumor CLDN18.2 expression by IHC and objective response

Milestones

- ✓ Study initiated in August 2023
- Expanded study globally; dosed first patient in Japan in February 2024
- Initial safety and efficacy data from ongoing Phase 1 trial by mid-3Q 2024
- Additional data from ongoing Phase 1 trial expected in 1H 2025

Expanding to Evaluate EO-3021 in Combination Therapy

Opportunity to **deliver better treatment options to patients** in first and second-line settings

Safety profile suggests EO-3021 is readily combinable:

- Site-specific conjugation differentiates EO-3021: stability of linker-payload enable improved safety profile
- Limited MMAE-related toxicities observed in preclinical studies and CSPC's Phase 1 clinical trial of SYSA1801 (EO-3021)

Milestones

Detail on planned Phase 1 combination study in 1H 2024

Strong rationale to combine with existing standards of care:

Immunotherapy is becoming mainstay of 1L gastric cancer treatment

- Combination with CLDN18.2 ADC could drive further benefit:
 - ADCs with MMAE payload are known to induce immunogenic cell death¹
 - Evidence suggests treatment with anti-Claudin 18.2 mAb upregulates PD-L1²

Chemotherapy + targeted agent is standard-of-care for 2L gastric cancer treatment

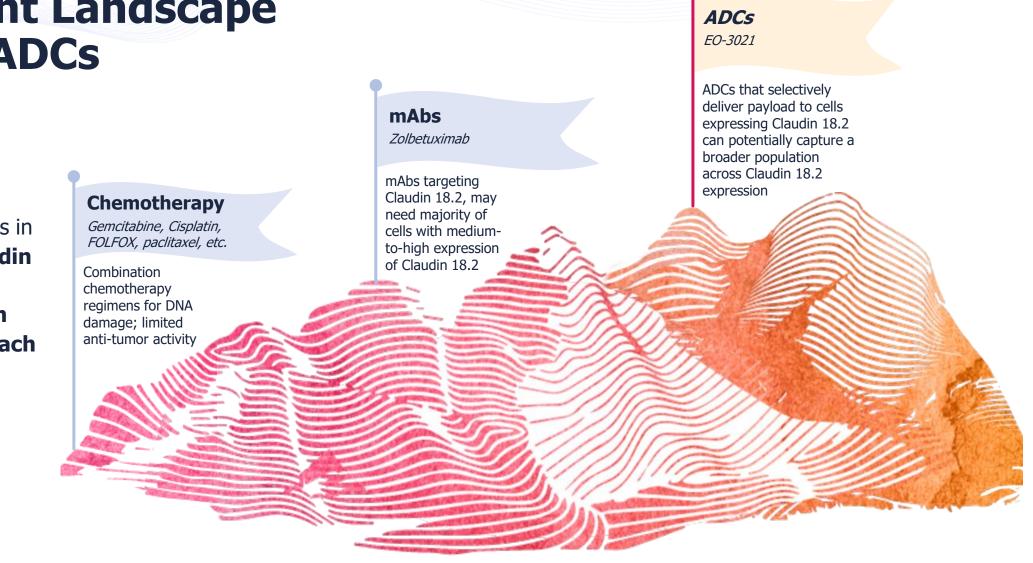
 Systemic chemotherapy is highly toxic; opportunity to pair EO-3021 with a targeted agent to potentially deliver improved tolerability and outcomes





An Evolving Claudin 18.2 Treatment Landscape Toward ADCs

As with other targets in oncology, **the Claudin 18.2 landscape is moving toward an ADC-based approach**





KEY MILESTONES

EO-3021



2H 2023

Initiate Phase 1 trial in the US



1H 2024

Details on planned Phase 1 combination study

By mid-3Q 2024

Initial safety and efficacy data from Phase 1 trial

1H 2025 Additional data from Phase 1 trial

HER3-ADC

2H 2024 Nominate development candidate

FINANCIAL

\$104.1M cash and cash equivalents as of 3/31/2024

\$14.5M in net proceeds raised through ATM facility in 2Q 2024

Cash runway to fund operations into 2026¹



¹Elevation Oncology expects its existing cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities as of March 31, 2024, together with the \$14.5 million in net proceeds raised under its ATM facility in 2Q 2024, to be sufficient to fund its current operations into 2026. ATM = at-the-market



THANK YOU

